

Acceptable Behaviour Policy

The King's School Cadhay Lane Ottery-St-Mary Devon EX11 1RA

Policy Change Control

Policy Owner	Headteacher
Approved By	Curriculum Committee
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Date	Version	Person	Change / Action
02/03/2016	1.0	Trustees	Adoption of Policy
02/05/2017	1.1	SBM	Update to Template and Format
14/2/2019	1.2	Headteacher	Reviewed and minor amendments made. Additional comments
			included to reflect the changes in the Complaints Policy re:
			unreasonable behaviour
07/03/2019	1.2	Trustees	Adoption of Policy
17/05/2022	1.3	Head teacher	Reviewed and minor changes made to formatting.
14/07/2022	1.3	Trustees	Approval

1. INTRODUCTION

The King's School is committed to working towards creating a working environment in which all staff, trustees and visitors are treated fairly, with dignity and respect and unacceptable behaviour will not be tolerated. The King's School encourages close links with parents and the community. We believe firmly that students benefit when the relationship between home and school is a positive one.

Unacceptable behaviour has a detrimental and negative effect on individuals and ultimately an organisation's efficiency. This policy applies to all employees, governors, volunteers, contractors, parents/carers and visitors to the school. These groups will be collectively referred to as 'individuals' within this policy.

All individuals have a clear role to play in helping to create a positive working environment. In particular, individuals should be aware of their own conduct and behave in a manner which ensures and promotes acceptable behaviour. Headteachers, Governors, managers and supervisors have a responsibility to raise awareness of this issue and challenge and stop unacceptable behaviour in the workplace.

All individuals should be prepared to take appropriate action if they observe or have evidence that a colleague is being subjected to unacceptable behaviour and/or observe a colleague demonstrating unacceptable behaviour.

To preserve and protect a positive working environment the school has existing policies that set clear standards of conduct which must be observed and enable employees to raise concerns. These include the Behaviour Policy; the Equality Scheme and Accessibility Policy; the Grievance Policy, the Conduct Policy, the Complaints Policy and the Whistle Blowing Policy. In addition teachers have standards of conduct set by their registered body (Teachers' Standards).

2. POLICY STATEMENT

The organisation is committed to tackling behaviour deemed inappropriate in working relationships. In most instances, issues can be resolved informally, however where issues are very serious or occur repeatedly, formal conduct procedures may be invoked.

This policy defines a number of principles and sets out procedures that ensure that behaving in a professional manner is the accepted standard for all people working within the organisation.

Any unacceptable behaviour directed towards another, including harassment based on age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage & civil partnership, pregnancy & maternity, race (colour, nationality & ethnic or national origins), religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation is unlawful and will not be tolerated in any form by this organisation. Action may be taken under the Conduct Policy.

3. AIMS & OBJECTIVES

This policy aims to help individuals and their managers resolve problems informally and in a positive manner where appropriate.

The objectives of this Policy are to:

- ensure that all individuals are aware of the types of unacceptable behaviour and their responsibilities for preventing such behaviour;
- ensure that all individuals understand what action may be taken to prevent unacceptable behaviour, including formal conduct action where appropriate;
- promote a climate where individuals feel confident to bring forward issues of unacceptable behaviour without fear of victimisation;
- ensure that all issues of unacceptable behaviour are responded to quickly, positively, and in confidence where appropriate.

4. DEFINITIONS

People behave acceptably when they:

- afford dignity, trust and respect for everyone and themselves;
- have awareness of the effects of their behaviour on others and only make reasonable and manageable demands;
- communicate honestly and openly, clearly stating what they need and expect of others;
- provide and are receptive to honest feedback based on evidence;
- challenge discriminatory language and behaviour in an appropriate way.

In relation to unacceptable behaviour, the definitions and principles adopted in this policy are in line with the Equality Act 2010 and are as follows:

Protected characteristics

The Act offers protection to people with 'protected characteristics'. These are: age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion and belief, sex and sexual orientation.

Discrimination is to treat someone less favourably than another person because of a protected characteristic they have or are thought to have or because they associate with someone who has a protected characteristic or where it is perceived that an individual possesses a protected characteristic. Indirect discrimination can occur where a provision, criteria or practice is applied which unfairly disadvantages someone on these grounds. Discrimination is unlawful.

Harassment is unwanted conduct relating to a protected characteristic (except pregnancy & maternity and marriage & civil partnership), which may also be based upon association or perception, that has the purpose or effect of violating a person's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment e.g. harassment based on a person's association with their disabled child or harassment based on a perception that a person holds a religious belief. It includes unwanted conduct of a sexual nature, verbal, non-verbal and physical conduct.

An individual may complain of harassment even if they don't possess the protected characteristic or the harassment is not directed at them. In addition, an individual is protected from third party harassment. Such harassment occurs where a third party harasses an individual in the course of their employment. This is outside the scope of this policy, which focuses on acceptable behaviour within the organisation. Within schools, it is essential to keep a record of any incidents that could be deemed as harassment of staff, to take appropriate action and to record the measures put in place to stop the harassment. When defining behaviour in cases of harassment, it is appropriate to place emphasis on the recipient's experience rather than the motivation of the person complained about.

Bullying is a type of harassment, which consists of persistent actions, criticism, or personal abuse in public or private, which humiliate, intimidate, frighten, undermine or demean the individual. People affected by bullying often feel the matter appears trivial or that they have difficulty in describing it. Bullying can be defined in many ways but is generally behaviour that is identified as a misuse of power. Behaviour that is acceptable to some individuals may cause embarrassment, distress or anxiety to others.

5.0 UNACCEPTABLE BEHAVIOUR FROM PARENTS/CARERS

The vast majority of parents, carers, and others visiting our school are keen to work with us and are supportive of the school. However, on the rare occasions when a negative attitude towards the school is expressed, this can result in aggression, verbal and/or physical abuse towards school staff.

Our school expects and requires its staff to behave professionally in these difficult situations and attempt to defuse the situation where possible, seeking the involvement as appropriate of other colleagues. However, all staff have the right to work without fear of violence and abuse and the right, in an extreme case, of appropriate self-defence.

We expect parents and other visitors to behave in a reasonable way towards school staff. Section 547 of the Education Act 1996 makes it an offence for any person to be on school premises to cause or permit a nuisance or disturbance and allows for the removal and prosecution of any person believed to have committed an offence.

A parent of a child attending a school normally has implied permission to be on school premises at certain times and for certain purposes, but if the parent's behaviour is unreasonable, this permission may be withdrawn. They could have a ban imposed on them. Then they would then become a trespasser on the school site.

5.1 Behaviour

Types of behaviour that are considered serious and unacceptable are listed below and will not be tolerated nor will malicious or vexatious accusations against staff. These will be dealt under the school's grievance/conduct policies. This is not an exhaustive list but seeks to provide illustrations of such behaviour:

- shouting at school staff, either in person or over the telephone;
- physically intimidating a member of staff, e.g. standing very close to them;
- the use of aggressive hand gestures;
- threatening school staff;
- shaking or holding a fist towards another person;
- swearing at a member of school staff;
- using any electronic media to send abusive communications;
- pushing;
- hitting, e.g. slapping, punching and kicking;
- spitting;
- racist or sexist comments;
- breaking the school's security procedures;
- that which hinders our consideration of complaints because of the frequency or nature of the complainant's contact with the school.

Unacceptable behaviour may result in the Police being informed of the incident.

Likewise, any such behaviours perpetrated by staff against parents/carers will be dealt with under the school's conduct or complaints policy.

5.2 Procedure

When a parent or member of the public behaves in an unacceptable way towards a member of the school staff the Head teacher or appropriate senior staff will seek to resolve the situation through discussion and mediation.

If necessary, the school's complaints procedure should be followed. Where all procedures have been exhausted, and aggression or intimidation continue, or where there is an extreme act of violence, the school may restrict communication with individual teachers and/or a parent or carer may be banned¹ by the Head teacher from the school premises for a period of time, subject to review.

Prior to being banned the following steps will be taken:

- the parent/carer will be informed, in writing, that they are banned from the premises, subject to review, and what will happen if the ban is breached, e.g. that an injunction application may follow;
- where an assault has led to a ban, a statement indicating that the matter has been reported to the Police will be included;
- the Chair of Trustees will be informed of the ban;
- where appropriate, arrangements for students being delivered to, and collected from the school gate will be clarified.

Section 547 of the Education Act 1996 makes it a criminal offence for a person who is on school premises without legal permission to cause or permit a nuisance or disturbance. The Head teacher will take the lead in authorising the removal of a person believed to be causing a nuisance or disturbance, and, if necessary, will bring legal proceedings against them.

If it is felt that an individual is likely to cause further threats or harm to staff, an immediate temporary ban would be imposed for a specified period or an individual will be told that the school intent to bar them. The school should tell an individual that they've been barred or they intend to bar them, in writing and this decision will ordinarily be made after discussion with the Chair of Trustees. The school must allow the individual an opportunity to present their side, after which a decision would be taken whether to continue with barring them. The decision should be reviewed within a reasonable time, decided by the school.

If after a ban has been imposed, and the individual comes on to school premises, the Police would be called immediately. The Board of Trustees would then decide, in conjunction with their Solicitors whether to consider taking out a Court Injunction preventing this from happening again.

6.0 MANAGING EMPLOYEES PERFORMANCE

Legitimate, constructive, fair and evidenced criticism of an individual's performance or behaviour at work is not bullying or harassment.

It is important to acknowledge that views and opinions held by others, and decisions made by managers and supervisors, may not always coincide with the individual's views. It must be recognised that those in positions of management have both a contractual right and responsibility to discharge managerial duties.

^{1.} https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/controlling-access-to-school-premises/controlling-access-to-school-premises

Managers may have to deal with capability, conduct, or performance issues as part of their management duties or responsibilities. If the concerns are not clearly evidenced to the individual, the individual may perceive criticism as bullying, harassment or discrimination. In such an instance mediation may provide a way of both parties gaining understanding of each other's responsibilities and concerns.

It is unacceptable to condone bullying behaviour under the guise of a management style. Whilst recognising that effective management may call for a firm and assertive style to achieve desired outcomes, it should be ensured that individuals are treated with dignity and respect.

7.0 WHO CAN EXPERIENCE UNACCEPTABLE BEHAVIOUR AT WORK?

Any person regardless of age or disability, gender re-assignment, marriage & civil partnership status, pregnancy, maternity status, race (colour, nationality & ethnic or national origins) religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation may experience unacceptable behaviour towards them from work colleagues.

Unacceptable behaviour can occur at any level within the organisation and some people may suffer a multiple burden of bullying, harassment, and discrimination.

In cases of harassment, it is very often behaviour perceived by others as being innocuous which is most difficult to deal with and most distressing for the recipient. The recipient may feel this behaviour is intended to harass or bully them, but will be aware that it could be described and interpreted otherwise.

The key question is:

Is the individual experiencing discomfort, distress, or unhappiness at work as a result of the actions of another person?

Subject to normal Appraisal practice, if the answer to this question is yes, then it is likely they are feeling bullied, harassed and/or discriminated against by someone at work. However, this will always be considered in the light of normal and professional appraisal practices

8.0 Bullying within the Organisation

Examples of what this organisation regards as unacceptable behaviour include:

- using aggressive language, threatening, ridiculing, ignoring people or repeatedly shouting;
- telephoning people at home unnecessarily (for example, demanding work when the person is absent due to sickness or ill health);
- focusing only on weaknesses;
- bringing up details of someone's private life inappropriately;
- leaving impossibly long lists of tasks and making unreasonable demands;
- criticising people or maliciously gossiping about them in their absence;
- ridiculing or demeaning someone picking on them or setting them up to fail;
- comments or jokes, about distinctive peoples and nationalities;
- frequent comments about aspects of physical appearance or using forms of address that are demeaning;
- threatening or implying, without reason, that, as a colleague, you will cause the person to lose his/her job or fail to get a promotion or suffer some other form of career difficulty or financial disadvantage;
- coercing someone to join the harassment/bullying of another person;
- excluding or marginalising someone or refusing to engage with them appropriately.

This list is not exhaustive. It is simply a guide to help individuals consider their own and others behaviour and gain understanding of what behaviours are unacceptable in the workplace.

It is also recognised that an occasional raised voice or heated debate regarding work-related issues in itself may not be unacceptable behaviour but is communication between colleagues, usually over issues that individuals feel passionate about, and can be a driver in the workplace for developing new ideas and better practices. However, it should be noted that at any time, an individual may believe that the boundary between 'heated debate' and unacceptable behaviour has been crossed and may wish to address the issue.

9.0 ACTIONS & PROCEDURES

Unacceptable behaviour should not be tolerated and employees are recommended to seek advice and support at the earliest opportunity. This policy suggests a number of options to deal with unacceptable behaviour in the workplace and these are identified below:

9.1 Self Help

Self-help is an informal procedure, which may include access to external advice lines, leaflets, posters, the Internet and Intranet, where further information is available. Self-help is not done in isolation; recipients of unacceptable behaviour must have other avenues. Individuals can access further help through the Trade Unions and their friends, teachers can also contact <u>Education Support</u>.

Self-help is individual action to resolve unacceptable behaviour through dialogue with the other party. In many ways this is the ideal solution for the recipient(s). It involves bringing the unwanted nature of the unacceptable behaviour to the attention of the other party with the intention of stopping the behaviour that is causing the problem and agreeing more acceptable ways of behaving. This would ideally be in person or perhaps by writing to the individual or through a third party.

Individuals can make use of the policy and the definitions of acceptable/unacceptable behaviour. In many instances no further action will be required when the unacceptable behaviour and its effect is recognised by the other party who can then vary their behaviour accordingly.

9.2 Reporting Behaviour to the Manager

Individuals may talk over their concerns with their Head teacher/manager/line manager in the first instance. Individuals should make it clear that they wish to deal with the matter under this policy and not lodge a formal grievance at this stage. The Head teacher manager/supervisor will act or advise according to the situation, which might involve some initial investigation. The Head teacher/ manager/supervisor might talk through how the individual could manage it informally face to face or perhaps through mediation, before any recourse to the formal grievance procedure. Where the issues are serious the Head teacher/ manager/ supervisor may have to invoke the Conduct Policy if the actions/behaviour of the other party is so unacceptable as to be deemed misconduct.

Anyone can use the Whistle Blowing Policy to report direct or indirect concerns

If the concerns relate to the Head teacher's behaviour, individuals are advised to contact the Chair of Trustees in the first instance and their Trade Union should they wish.

9.3 Mediation

For mediation to be successful both/all parties must agree to participate.

Mediation is essentially a voluntary and informal solution focussed process whereby qualified and trained mediators facilitate individuals to reach their own solutions. It may be used prior to the formal Grievance Procedure and in some circumstances, the Conduct Procedure, which may completely prevent recourse to formal processes, e.g.

mediation may be available to help resolve less serious cases of harassment, such as those not considered to be acts of potential gross misconduct.

There are numerous benefits of using mediation, particularly at an early stage where it can help improve working relationships and resolve issues that, although may not reach any formal stages, can be detrimental to productivity and harmony.

9.4 Invoking the formal Grievance Procedure

The formal grievance procedure is available for use by employees who wish to bring a complaint against another employee where the informal procedure, including mediation, has been ineffective.

9.5 Advice to People Accused of Bullying, Harassment and Discrimination

Subject to any informal or formal action taken initially to resolve unacceptable behaviour, the Deputy Headteacher (Teaching, Learning and Professional Development) may also provide information to people who are accused of bullying, harassment and discrimination. They will be given impartial information so that the individual can decide the course of action best suited to him/her at that time. Staff may well find that their first course of action is to consult their Trade Union.

Being accused of behaving in unacceptable ways can be equally concerning to the individual. In many cases the individuals are unaware that their behaviour is the cause of another person's distress or discomfort or that it may be unacceptable to others in the workplace.

Malicious or vexatious accusations of bullying or harassment will be dealt with under the school's grievance/conduct policies

9.6 Witnesses to Unacceptable Behaviour

An individual can make a complaint of harassment where they are offended by behaviour even if it is not directed at them. The individual does not need to possess the relevant protected characteristic.

10.0 Equality Statement

All employees can obtain a copy of the relevant policies referred to in this policy through the web site, the Head teacher, the Clerk to the Board of Trustees or the 'Forms and Policies' folder on the shared area of the school network.

The King's School is committed to the principle of equal opportunities in employment regardless of a person's age, disability, gender re-assignment, marital or civil partnership status, pregnancy, maternity status, race (including colour, nationality and ethnic or national origins), religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.

10.1 Helpful Links

Family Lives https://www.familylives.org.uk/

The Trades Union Congress information on bullying at work https://www.tuc.org.uk/resource/bullying-work

Equality & Human Rights Commission <u>http://www.equalityhumanrights.com/</u>

ASCL – <u>www.ascl.org.uk</u>

- GMB -<u>https://www.gmb.org.uk/</u>
- NAHT <u>www.naht.org.uk</u>
- NASUWT https://www.nasuwt.org.uk/
- NEU <u>www.teachers.org.uk/contact-us</u>
- Unison <u>https://www.unison.org.uk/</u>
- Unite <u>www.unitetheunion.com</u>
- Voice <u>www.voicetheunion.org.uk</u>